

WEXHAM COURT PRIMARY SCHOOL

Complaints Procedure Policy

2021 - 2023



Date Approved: Autumn 2021

Date for Review: Autumn 2023

Approved By: Full Governing Body and Head Teacher

Preparing every child to become a successful individual in an ever evolving world.

Build belonging, Strive for excellence and Do the right thing.

At Wexham Court Primary School we are proud of the diversity of our students and staff and are committed to promoting a positive and inclusive culture in which all are valued and supported to fulfil their potential irrespective of their age, disability, race, religion, beliefs, sex or sexual orientation. We acknowledge that we are all influenced by implicit bias, or the stereotypes that unconsciously affect our decisions and that this can negatively impact traditionally marginalised and disenfranchised students. In all areas of our school, we strive to understand and appreciate all aspects of diversity, equality and inclusion and proactively adapt our school policies and procedures accordingly.

1. Introduction

The governors of Wexham Court Primary School are committed to ensuring that the highest standards are maintained at the school both in the provision of education to pupils and in every other aspect of the running of the school. A complaints procedure is an important part of the management of a well-run school, allowing parents and other members of the public the opportunity to voice any concerns they may have through appropriate channels. As required by legislation, this policy explains the procedure which has been adopted by the governing board to ensure a timely, systematic and fair approach to the resolution of such concerns. This policy is available to parents on the school website.

This policy does not cover certain specific types of complaints, which are dealt with under separate procedures. These include:

- Any complaint relating to child protection. (These will immediately be raised with the local authority (LA) for them to handle.)
- SEND complaints – addressed under the SEND procedures (published on the school website).
- Admissions – addressed under the admissions and admissions appeals procedure (published on the school website).
- Pupil exclusions – addressed under the school’s exclusion policy (published on the school website).
- Complaints by staff – addressed under the school’s internal grievance procedure or other personnel policies.
- Complaints about staff – investigated under the school’s internal staff disciplinary policy.
- Whistle blowing – (matters of impropriety e.g. a breach of law, school procedures or ethics) – addressed under the school’s whistle blowing procedure.
- Complaints about the Head Teacher – governing board will investigate.
- Complaints about collective worship – these should be addressed to the LA or to the local SACRE.
- Complaints about the national curriculum – these should be sent to the DfE.
- Complaints about school re-organisation. – these should be referred to the LA.

- Complaints against services provided by third party hirers/users of the school premises – the school will direct the complainant to the external provider’s own complaints procedures.
- Complaints regarding discrimination and harassment based on protected characteristics as defined in the Equality Act 2010 – the general complaints procedure applies but the complainant may have a further right of appeal to the Special Educational Needs and Disability First-tier Tribunal).

2. Aims of this policy

To be effective our complaints procedure will:

- Encourage resolution of problems by informal means wherever possible.
- Be easily accessible and publicised, including to third parties who hire school premises.
- Be simple to understand and use.
- Be impartial.
- Be compliant with the school’s obligations under current legislation.
- Be non-adversarial.
- Allow swift handling with established time-limits for action and keeping people informed of the progress.
- Ensure a full and fair investigation by an independent person where necessary.
- Respect people’s desire for confidentiality.
- Address all the points at issue and provide an effective response and appropriate redress, where necessary.
- Provide information to the school’s senior management team so that services can be improved.

3. Action plan

At Wexham Court Primary School, the Head Teacher has overall responsibility for the operation and management of the school complaints procedure. In practical terms, the Head Teacher will nominate a senior member of staff to deal with matters on a day-by-day basis and hold records relating to any complaints received. The name of this member of staff is readily available from the school office. We recognise the need to be clear about the difference between a concern and a complaint. Taking concerns seriously at the earliest stage reduces the numbers that develop into formal complaints and we aim to ensure that concerns are handled, if at all possible, without the need for formal complaints procedures.

3.1 Concerns and complaints from parents

We attempt to resolve parental concerns informally, calmly and quickly with the class teacher before being referred to the Head of Year then senior member of staff. Our staff development process includes training to help staff resolve issues on the spot, including apologising where necessary (see below – informal stage 1 of the procedure). Our formal complaints procedure is only necessary if all

efforts to resolve the concern informally are unsuccessful. The informal stage of the procedure will be exhaustively applied before the matter is referred to the formal stage at which point a complaint form is issued (see Appendix 2), together with a copy of the school's complaints procedure guidance. At this point it will be referred to the line manager or Head Teacher, as appropriate, (see below – formal stage 2 of the procedure).

3.2 Complaints arising through conflict between estranged parents

Complaints arising through conflict between estranged parents over the application of parental responsibility will be dealt with through this policy. They will be dealt with having the best interest of the child in mind, with reference to the DfE guidance *Understanding and Dealing with Issues Relating to Parental Responsibility September 2018*, and with further legal advice if necessary.

3.3 Concerns and complaints from members of the public

Complaints from anyone who is not a parent of a pupil currently attending the school should be addressed to the Head Teacher in the first instance. That person should obtain a complaint form from the school (see Appendix 2) and send it to the Head Teacher who may often be able to deal informally with the concern.

3.4 Third parties

The school makes sure that any third party providers have their own complaints procedures in place if they are using school premises or facilities to offer community facilities or services.

3.5 Anonymous complaints

Anonymous concerns or complaints are not normally investigated. However, the Head Teacher or Chair of Governors will, if appropriate, consider whether the complaint warrants an investigation and decide what stage of the procedure needs to be invoked.

3.6 Role of governors in complaints procedure

Individual governors should not allow themselves to be approached by parents or members of the public who raise concerns or complaints. Governors have no power to act on an individual basis and it may also prevent them from considering complaints at stage 3 of the formal procedure (see below). If the complaint is actually about an individual governor, group of governors or the governing board as a whole, it should be addressed to the clerk to the governing board who will determine the appropriate persons/board to deal with the complaint.

3.7 Complaints made during school holidays

Complaints made outside of term time or just before a holiday period, will be deemed to have been received on the first school day after the holiday period.

4. Stages in the complaints procedure

If face-to-face meetings are not possible at any stage of this procedure because of the COVID-19 pandemic, the school will make every effort to conduct the meetings remotely by video. This can only be practicable, however, if all the participants have access to the necessary remote technology and are willing to use this medium. The complainant will be informed by the school how the process will be carried out. It may be necessary to adjust some of the normal deadlines if more time is needed to gather information, communicate with all the participants and arrange suitable dates and times for meetings.

There are three stages in the school's complaints procedure. See Appendix 1 for a flow chart. At each stage in the procedure, we will remain mindful of ways in which a complaint can be resolved. It might be sufficient to acknowledge that the complaint is valid in whole or in part. In addition, it may be appropriate to offer one or more of the following:

- An apology.
- An explanation.
- An admission that the situation could have been handled differently or better.
- An assurance that the event complained of will not recur.
- An explanation of the steps that have been taken to ensure that it will not happen again.
- An undertaking to review school policies in light of the complaint.

We encourage complainants to state what actions they feel might resolve the problem at any stage. An admission that the school could have handled the situation better is not the same as an admission of negligence. At all times we will seek to identify areas of agreement between the parties and clarify any misunderstandings that might have occurred because this can create a positive atmosphere in which to discuss any outstanding issues.

4.1 Stage 1 – informal – complaint heard by staff member

Wexham Court Primary School expects any concerns or complaints to be made as soon as possible after an incident arises (although up to three months is acceptable in certain circumstances).

As a matter of staff development, all staff members receive training in handling complaints. A complaint may initially be made in person, by telephone, or in writing. In this informal stage, the investigator, i.e. the class teacher or Head of Year (but not the subject of the complaint or a governor), will deal with the complaint. Most parents' concerns can be satisfactorily resolved by discussion with the class teacher or head of year or with other members of staff. There may be no need for the complaint to be put in writing, which would formalise matters and may lead parents to feel less prepared to articulate concerns, perhaps because of a fear that such action may prejudice the interests of their child. At the end of a meeting or telephone call, the member of staff will ensure that the complainant and the school have the same understanding of what was discussed and agreed. A brief note of meetings and telephone calls will be kept and a copy of any written response added to the record.

The complaint should ordinarily be resolved within **five** working school days. However, if the concern is not met to the complainant's satisfaction by discussion, or if the complainant is not prepared to go through an informal procedure, then, if the complainant wishes to take the matter further, they are requested to complete the complaints form (appendix 2) and return it to the school within **five** working school days. The Head Teacher is informed and stage 2 is implemented.

4.2 Stage 2 – formal – complaint heard by Head Teacher or senior staff member

Once a formal complaint has been received, the school's cut-off timeframe will apply to both parties. However, the school will consider exceptions to this time-frame from both parties if necessary.

- The complainant puts the complaint in writing using the complaints form (Appendix 2).
- The initial recipient of the complaint will refer the matter to the investigator e.g. the Head Teacher or to a designated member of the senior leadership team (SLT).

- The Head Teacher, or a designated member of the SLT, will investigate the circumstances of the complaint and may find it appropriate to ask for written statements from staff or pupils and to call for any relevant documentation. If the complaint is against a member of staff, that member of staff has a right to be given details of the complaint and the opportunity to make representation about it. The person investigating the incident will take these details into account.
- The Head Teacher or designated member of staff will consider the complaint but it will be the Head Teacher who will decide what action is required and respond to the complainant with the outcome of the investigation, normally within **ten** working school days of receipt of the substance of the complaint. The response may be in writing or at a meeting with the complainant followed by written confirmation of the outcome.

For complaints against the Head Teacher or governors

- Complaints against the Head Teacher will usually be dealt with by the chair of governors, but might first involve a suitably skilled member of the governing board. The governor may enlist the support of an outside agency.
- Complaints against the chair of governors or any individual governor should be made by writing to the clerk to the governing board.
- Complaints about the governing board as a whole should also be referred to the clerk. In some circumstances, the school reserves the right to refer the matter to an external body.

If the complainant is unhappy with the outcome of stage 2 of the procedure s/he will be informed of her or his right to have the matter referred to the governors' complaints appeal panel. Any such appeal must be lodged in writing within **five** working school days and should be addressed to the clerk to the governors for the attention of the chair of governors and the governors' complaints appeal panel will be convened.

4.3 Stage 3 – formal – governors' complaints appeal panel

The aim of the review panel meeting is to review how the school has managed the complaint, not to re-investigate the complaint itself. This will include reviewing evidence and outcomes from stages 1 and 2 and evaluating whether the school has followed its policies and procedures. The panel should also give consideration to achieving reconciliation between the school and complainant, although it has to be recognised that this is not always possible.

When the clerk to the governors receives the request for the governors' complaints appeal panel to meet:

- A governors' complaints appeal panel will be assembled comprising three or five members, none of whom have any previous connection to the complaint, and one of whom will act as chair for the meeting. The panel may engage external support in order to help, advise, or support in listening to the appeal. The meeting will additionally have a clerk in attendance.
- The clerk will inform the complainant/parent of the new timescale for the investigation and for the written report to be provided – within **14** working school days. (However, the length of the investigation will depend on the nature of the complaint and other variable factors. If the investigation is likely to exceed **14** working school days, the school will set realistic time limits for each action within the stage. Where such further investigations are necessary, new time limits may need to be set and the complainant will be sent details of the new deadline and an explanation for the delay.)

- The clerk will inform the complainant of the right to be accompanied by a friend
- The clerk will write to the complainant, the Head Teacher, the chair of governors and appeal panel members giving details of the meeting, requesting copies of any documents to be put before the meeting and the names of any witnesses that either party may wish to attend.

If the complainant requests an independent panel, the school will consider the request but ultimately the decision is made by the governors.

The hearing will be on reasonable notice and be held as soon as practicable after receipt of the referral. The procedure at the hearing (see appendix 3) will be sensitive and appropriate for the circumstances and is at the discretion of the chair of the governors' complaints appeal panel.

The panel can:

- Dismiss the complaint in whole or in part.
- Uphold the complaint in whole or in part.
- Decide on the appropriate action to be taken to resolve the complaint.
- Recommend changes to the school's procedures to ensure that similar problems do not recur.

The governors' appeal panel's decision is final.

4.4 After the hearing

After the hearing, the clerk will offer copies of the minutes of the meeting to all parties involved in the panel hearing and provide an opportunity for the minutes to be agreed and, if necessary, challenged within **five** working school days so that no additional complaints will arise because of the record of the meeting.

A copy of the findings and recommendations of the panel will be sent by letter to the complainant and, where relevant, to the person complained about, and will be available for inspection on the school premises by the Head Teacher.

If a complaint results in disciplinary action by the school against a member of staff this would be confidential between that member of staff and the school, but otherwise complainants will be kept fully informed of the handling of any complaint.

A written record will be kept of all complaints stating:

- Whether the complaint was resolved following stage 2 or proceeded to stage 3 of the complaints procedure.
- The action taken by the school as a result of the complaint (regardless of whether it is upheld).

All correspondence, statements and other records relating to individual complaints will be kept confidential except where the Education Secretary or Ofsted requests access to them.

5. Roles and responsibilities of the participants in the investigation of a complaint

5.1 The complainant

The person who makes the complaint will receive the most effective response if s/he:

- Expresses the complaint in full as early as possible.

- Asks for assistance if needed throughout the handling of the complaint.
- Co-operates with the school in its procedures of seeking a solution to the complaint.
- Responds promptly to requests for information or meetings or in agreeing the details of the complaint.
- Treats all those involved in the complaint with respect.

5.2 The governors

When responding to, or making criticism or complaints affecting the school, all governors must follow the complaints policy and procedures as agreed with the school leadership and management.

5.3 The complaints co-ordinator (or Head Teacher)

Whenever a formal complaint is received it will be investigated. At each stage, the person investigating the complaint (the complaints co-ordinator), must:

- Ensure that everyone involved in the complaint procedure is aware of the legislation and guidance around complaints including:
 - The Equality Act 2010.
 - Data Protection Act 1998 and the General Data Protection Regulation.
 - Freedom of Information Act 2000.
 - DfE Best practice advice for school complaints procedures (April 2020 as updated January 2021.)
- Be aware of issues regarding the sharing of third party information.
- Provide additional support for the complainant when making a complaint including interpretation support.
- Liaise with staff members, Head Teacher, chair of governors and clerk to ensure the smooth running of the complaints procedure.
- Keep the complainant fully updated at each stage of the procedure.
- Keep records.

5.4 The investigator

The investigator is involved in stages 1 and 2 of the procedure. They investigate the complaint and will ensure that they:

- Conduct interviews with an open mind and are prepared to persist in the questioning.
- Keep notes of the interviews or arrange for an independent note taker to record minutes of all meetings.

The investigator's role will include:

- Providing a comprehensive, open, transparent and fair consideration of the complaint through:

- Interviewing the complainant sensitively and thoroughly to establish what has happened and who has been involved.
- Interviewing staff, pupils and other people relevant to the complaint.
- Consideration of records and other relevant information.
- Analysing information.
- Effectively liaising with the complainant and the complaints co-ordinator to clarify what the complainant feels would put things right.
- Identifying solutions and recommending courses of action to resolve problems.
- Being mindful of the timescales to respond.
- Responding to the complainant in plain and clear language.

5.5 The review panel (governors' complaints appeal panel)

The review panel will normally be composed of three school governors, and it is good practice not to involve the chair of governors. The school may use their own governors, but it is also permissible under the School Governance (Collaboration) England Regulations 2003 to have a panel composed of independent governors from other schools.

5.6 The panel clerk

This could be the clerk to the governors or the complaints co-ordinator if s/he is not the Head Teacher.

The clerk is involved from stage 3 of the complaint procedure. The panel clerk is the contact point for the complainant for the panel meeting and will:

- Set the date, time and venue of the hearing, ensuring that the dates are convenient to all parties and that the venue and proceedings are accessible.
- Collate any written material and send it to the parties in advance of the hearing.
- Meet and welcome the parties as they arrive at the hearing.
- Record the proceedings.
- Circulate the minutes of the panel hearing.
- Notify all parties of the panel's decision.
- Liaise with the complaints co-ordinator.

5.7 The panel chair

The panel chair will ensure that:

- S/he liaises with the clerk and complaints co-ordinator.
- No member of the panel has an external interest in the outcome of the proceedings or any involvement in an earlier stage of the procedure.
- The panel is open-minded and acts independently.

- The layout of the room is informal and not adversarial.
- Parents/carers and others who may not be used to speaking at such a hearing are put at ease (particularly important if the complainant is a youngster).
- The hearing is conducted in an informal manner with everyone treated with respect and courtesy.
- While the hearing is conducted in an informal manner, all matters brought up will be considered seriously.
- The role of the panel is explained to the complainant and both they and the school have the opportunity of putting their case without undue interruption.
- The meeting is minuted.
- The issues are addressed.
- Both the complainant and the school are given the opportunity to state their case and seek clarity where necessary.
- Key findings of fact are made.
- Written material is seen by everyone in attendance.
- If a new issue arises, a short adjournment of the hearing will take place so that everyone will have the opportunity to consider and comment upon it.

5.8 Panel members

Panel members become involved at stage 3 in the complaint procedure. They need to be aware that:

- The aim of the hearing, which will be held in private, is not to re-investigate the complaint but to try to resolve it and achieve reconciliation between the school and the complainant.
- The panel hearing is independent and impartial, and must be seen to be so.
- Many complainants will feel nervous and inhibited in the setting.
- Extra care must be taken when the complainant is a youngster and present during all or part of the hearing and the welfare of the youngster is most important.

If the complainant is still not satisfied

If the complainant is still not satisfied after all the processes of the school's complaints procedure have been undertaken or tries to re-open the same issue, the chair of governors will inform them in writing that the procedure has been exhausted and any further contact from the complainant on the same issue is likely to be ignored by the school.

6. Local authority maintained schools

If complainants wish to take the complaint further, they may approach:

- The local authority (LA)
- The School Complaints Unit (SCU) of the DfE. The SCU will then decide whether they, or another organisation, would be best placed to respond to the complaint. The SCU will not re-open the

complaint but will check that the procedures in the school's policy and other relevant policies were followed correctly and that the policy meets all legal requirements. The complaints form is available at: www.gov.uk/complain-about-school/state-schools.

Complaints to the SCU may also be sent to:

The School Complaints Unit (SCU)
Department for Education
2nd Floor, Piccadilly Gate
Store Street
Manchester
M1 2WD

Telephone helpline: 0370 000 2288.

7. Recording complaints

The nominated senior member of staff will maintain a written record of the progress of all complaints from initiation, through formal and appeal processes (where necessary) to the final outcome and the record will include the action taken by the school as a result of the complaint regardless of whether they are upheld or not.

Findings of individual complaints will be made available to the complainant and, where relevant, the person complained about. They will be available for inspection on the school premises by the Head Teacher. They will be kept confidential except where the Education Secretary or body conducting an inspection (Ofsted) requests access to them.

8. Unreasonable and/or persistent serial complaints

Members of staff recognise that complainants may sometimes act out of character in times of stress, anxiety or distress and will make reasonable allowances for this. However, all instances of unacceptable behaviour such as harassment, aggressive verbal or physical abuse at any time will be documented and this may result in the complaint being dealt with only through written communication thereafter.

The school is committed to dealing with complaints fairly and impartially and to providing a high-quality service to those who do complain. However, we do not expect our staff to accept unreasonable complaints.

A complaint may be regarded as unreasonable when the person making the complaint:

- Refuses to articulate their complaint or specify the grounds of a complaint or the outcomes sought by raising the complaint, despite offers of assistance.
- Refuses to co-operate with the complaints investigation process while still wishing their complaint to be resolved.
- Refuses to accept that certain issues are not within the scope of a complaints procedure.
- Insists on the complaint being dealt with in ways which are incompatible with the adopted complaints procedure or with good practice.
- Introduces trivial or irrelevant information which the complainant expects to be taken into account and commented on, or raises large numbers of detailed but unimportant questions, and insists they are fully answered, often immediately and to their own timescales.

- Makes unjustified complaints about staff who are trying to deal with the issues, and seeks to have them replaced.
- Changes the basis of the complaint as the investigation proceeds.

A complaint will be considered unreasonable if the person making the complaint does so face-to-face, by telephone, in writing or electronically in a way that could be described as:

- Maliciously.
- Aggressively, using threats, intimidation or violence.
- Using abusive, offensive or discriminatory language.
- Knowing it to be false.
- Using falsified information.
- By publishing unacceptable information in a variety of media such as in social media websites and newspapers.

Where aggression or abusive behaviour has been used, the school may have to:

- Ask them to leave the school premises.
- Inform the police.
- If necessary, bar them from being on school premises. The school will give the complainant the opportunity to formally express their views on the decision to bar in writing. The decision to bar should then be reviewed, taking into account any representations made by the complainant and either confirmed or lifted. If the bar is confirmed, the complainant will be given an explanation as to how long the bar will be in place.

9. Serial or persistent complaints

We do not normally limit the contact complainants have with the school but it is not helpful if repeated correspondence is sent or repeated requests for meetings are made while a complaint is being progressed.

Such situations may occur when the complainant:

- Makes excessive demands on school time by frequent, lengthy, complicated and stressful contact with staff regarding the complaint in person, in writing, by email and/or by telephone while the complaint is being dealt with.
- Repeatedly makes the same complaint (despite previous investigations or responses concluding that the complaint is groundless or has been addressed).
- Refuses to accept the findings of the investigation into that complaint where the school's complaint procedure has been fully and properly implemented and completed including referral to the DfE.
- Seeks an unrealistic outcome.

Where complainants excessively contact the school, causing a significant level of disruption, we may specify methods of communication and limit the number of contacts in a communication plan. This will usually be reviewed after six months.

If a complaint is investigated according to the school's policy but not to the satisfaction of the complainant, who then tries to reopen the same issue, the chair of the governing board will inform them in writing that the procedure has been exhausted and that the matter is now closed. However, if the complainant raises an entirely new, separate complaint, it will be dealt with in accordance with the school's complaints procedure.

The same applies to 'duplicate' complaints by a relative or friend of a previous complainant who seeks to re-open a closed issue. However, if the duplicate complaint contains new allegations then these must be considered under the school's procedure.

10. Monitoring and evaluation

The governing board will monitor the level and nature of complaints using the records kept by the nominated senior staff member. Wherever possible, complaints information shared with the whole governing board will not name individuals. The policy will be evaluated in the light of complaints made and their resolution in order to contribute to school improvement.

Should the DfE advise the school that the policy or procedures need to be amended, these will be effected as soon as possible. Where changes in legislation require changes to the policy, these will also be introduced as soon as possible.

11. Reviewing

The governing board will review the outcomes of the monitoring exercise on a termly basis to ensure the effectiveness of the procedure and make changes where necessary.

This is a true version signed by

Mr J. Reekie – Chair of Governors

Signed:

Date:

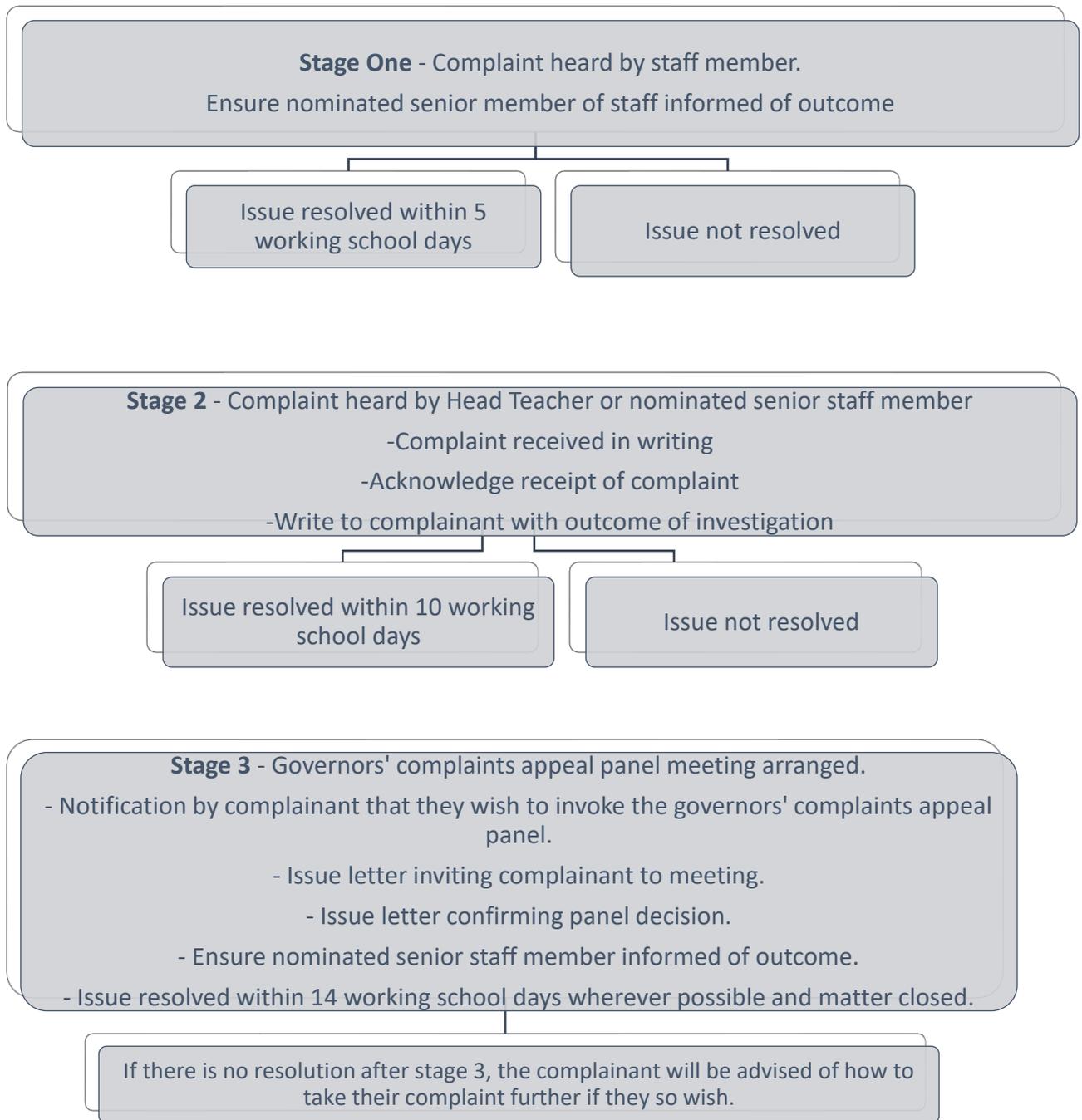
Miss N Mehat Head Teacher

Signed:

Date:

Review date: Autumn 2023

APPENDIX 1: FLOWCHART FOR THE COMPLAINTS PROCEDURE



APPENDIX 2: COMPLAINTS FORM

Please complete and return to nominated senior member of staff who will acknowledge receipt and explain what action will be taken.



Your name:

Pupil's name: omit if complainant is a member or the public

Your relationship to the pupil omit if complainant is a member of the public

Address:

Postcode:

Daytime telephone number: Evening telephone number:

Email address:

Please give details of your complaint:

What action, if any, have you already taken to try and resolve your complaint?
(To whom did you speak and what was the response)?

What actions do you feel might resolve the problem at this stage?

Are you attaching any paperwork? If so, please give details.

Signature:

Date:

Official use

Date acknowledgement sent:

By whom:

Complaint referred to:

Date:

APPENDIX 3: CHECKLIST FOR A PANEL HEARING

The governors' complaints appeal panel needs to take the following points into account:

- There will be three Governors sitting on the Governor's Appeal Panel
- None of the Governors who sit on the panel will have any previous knowledge of, or dealings with, the complaint.
- Governors may enlist of the support of the schools' HR company to lead or support the process.
- The hearing is as informal as possible.
- Witnesses are only required to attend for the part of the hearing in which they give their evidence.
- After introductions, the complainant is invited to explain their complaint, and be followed by their witnesses.
- The Head Teacher may question both the complainant and the witnesses after each has spoken.
- The Head Teacher is then invited to explain the school's actions and be followed by the school's witnesses.
- The complainant may question both the Head Teacher and the witnesses after each has spoken.
- The panel may ask questions at any point.
- The complainant is then invited to sum up their complaint.
- The Head Teacher is then invited to sum up the school's actions and response to the complaint.
- Both parties leave together while the panel decides on the issues.
- The chair explains that both parties will hear from the panel within a set time scale.

APPENDIX 4: UNREASONABLE COMPLAINTS– ONGOING PROCEDURE



Wexham Court Primary School

Church Lane, Wexham,
Slough, Berkshire SL3 6LU
Tel: (01753) 524533/524989
Email: mail@wexhamprimary.com
Web: www.wexhamprimary.com

Head Teacher:

Miss N Mehat BAQTS NPQ.H

Date

Dear Mr/Mrs/Miss/Ms,

Nature of complaint

Further to your recent contact with the school in connection with your on-going complaint about I ask for your co-operation while the complaints procedure is in process.

Wexham Court Primary School is committed to dealing with all complaints fairly and impartially, and to providing a high quality service to those who complain. We will not normally limit the contact complainants have with the school. However, we do not expect our staff to tolerate unacceptable behaviour and will take action to protect them from such behaviour, including that which is abusive, offensive or threatening.

Wexham Court Primary School defines unreasonable complainants as 'those who, because of the frequency or nature of their contacts with the school, hinder our consideration of their or other people's complaints'.

A complaint may be regarded as unreasonable when the person making the complaint:

Choose from the list of bullet points below according to nature of the problem.

- Refuses to articulate their complaint or specify the grounds of a complaint or the outcomes sought by raising the complaint, despite offers of assistance.
- Refuses to co-operate with the complaints investigation process while still wishing their complaint to be resolved.
- Refuses to accept that certain issues are not within the scope of a complaints procedure.
- Insists on the complaint being dealt with in ways which are incompatible with the adopted complaints procedure or with good practice.
- Introduces trivial or irrelevant information which the complainant expects to be taken into account and commented on, or raises large numbers of detailed but unimportant questions, and insists they are fully answered, often immediately and to their own timescales.
- Makes unjustified complaints about staff who are trying to deal with the issues, and seeks to have them replaced.
- Changes the basis of the complaint as the investigation proceeds.

- Makes excessive demands on school time by frequent, lengthy, complicated and stressful contact with staff regarding the complaint in person, in writing, by email and/or by telephone while the complaint is being dealt with.

I ask you to please limit the numbers of communications with the school while your complaint is being progressed. It is not helpful if repeated correspondence is sent (by letter, phone, email or text) because it could delay the outcome being reached. If you continue to contact the school excessively, causing a significant level of disruption to staff, I may have to specify the mode and number of communications that will be considered acceptable.

A complaint may also be considered unreasonable if the person making the complaint does so face-to-face, by telephone, in writing or electronically by e-mail or video link:

Choose from the list of bullet points below according to the nature of the problem

- Maliciously.
- Aggressively, using threats, intimidation or violence.
- Using abusive, offensive or discriminatory language.
- Knowing it to be false.
- Using falsified information.
- By publishing unacceptable information in a variety of media such as in social media websites and newspapers.

Where aggression has been used add:

Please stop using aggressive, abusive behaviour against the school staff or I may have to

- Ask you to leave the school premises.
- Inform the police.
- If necessary, bar you from being on school premises, which I have the right to do.

We do want to resolve your complaint but please let us do so by working to the schedule of the procedure and peacefully.

Yours sincerely

Head Teacher

APPENDIX 5: UNREASONABLE COMPLAINTS– PROCEDURE COMPLETED



Wexham Court Primary School

Church Lane, Wexham,
Slough, Berkshire SL3 6LU
Tel: (01753) 524533/524989
Email: mail@wexhamprimary.com
Web: www.wexhamprimary.com

Head Teacher:
Miss N Mehat BA QTS NPQH

Date

Dear Mr/Mrs/Miss/Ms,

[Nature of complaint]

Further to your recent contact with the school after the decision of the complaints appeal panel, and having advised you of the steps you could take if you were still unsatisfied with that decision, I write a final letter to you to ask that you refrain from contacting the school on substantially the same matter which, having been dealt with thoroughly and reasonably through all the school's complaints procedure, I now consider to be an unreasonable complaint.

Wexham Court Primary School is committed to dealing with all complaints fairly and impartially, and to providing a high quality service to those who complain. We will not normally limit the contact complainants have with the school. However, we do not expect our staff to tolerate unacceptable behaviour and will take action to protect them from such behaviour, including that which is abusive, offensive or threatening.

Wexham Court Primary School defines unreasonable complainants as 'those who, because of the frequency or nature of their contacts with the school, hinder our consideration of their or other people's complaints'.

A complaint may be regarded as unreasonable when the person making the complaint:

Choose from the list of bullet points below according to nature of the problem.

- Repeatedly makes the same complaint (despite previous investigations or responses concluding that the complaint is groundless or has been addressed).
- Refuses to accept the findings of the investigation into that complaint where the school's complaint procedure has been fully and properly implemented and completed including referral to the Department for Education.
- Seeks an unrealistic outcome.
- Refuses to articulate their complaint or specify the grounds of a complaint or the outcomes sought by raising the complaint, despite offers of assistance.
- Refuses to accept that certain issues are not within the scope of a complaints procedure.
- Insists on the complaint being dealt with in ways which are incompatible with the adopted complaints procedure or with good practice.

- Makes excessive demands on school time by frequent, lengthy, complicated and stressful contact with staff regarding the complaint in person, in writing, by email and/or by telephone while the complaint is being dealt with.

A complaint may also be considered unreasonable if the person making the complaint does so face-to-face, by telephone, in writing or electronically by email or video link:

- Maliciously.
- Aggressively, using threats, intimidation or violence.
- Using abusive, offensive or discriminatory language.
- Knowing it to be false.
- Using falsified information.
- By publishing unacceptable information in a variety of media such as in social media websites and newspapers.

Where aggression has been used add:

Please desist from using aggressive, abusive behaviour against the school staff or I may have to

- Ask you to leave the school premises.
- Inform the police.
- If necessary, bar you from being on school premises, which I have the right to do.

Once again I now ask you to stop contacting the school in connection with this complaint.

Yours sincerely

Head Teacher

